

1 SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROVIDING CONVENIENT GLOBAL ACCESS TO
2 AND STORAGE OF PERSONAL AND BUSINESS INFORMATION

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4 REFERENCE TO PROVISIONAL APPLICATION TO CLAIM PRIORITY

5 A priority date for this present U.S. patent application has been established by
6 prior U.S. Provisional Patent Application, Serial No. 06/301543 entitled "System And
7 Method For Global Access To Personal And Business Information Using A Data
8 Network," filed on June 27, 2001 by inventor Bernardo A. Huberman.

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10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

11 1. Field of the Invention

12 The present invention relates generally to systems and methods for managing
13 personal and business information, and more particularly for providing convenient global
14 access to and storage of personal and business information.

15 2. Discussion of Background Art

16 Important and often confidential documents, certificates, photos, drawings, and
17 other information, used in day-to-day personal, business and government contexts, are
18 often either kept in paper form in various secure and/or un-secure environments,
19 distributed throughout and buried within many different disconnected databases, and/or
20 stored in laptops or Personal Data Assistants (PDAs) which users forgot to bring with
21 them. Such information may include: contracts, property titles, passports, family photos,
22 customer contact lists, architectural drawings, prescription and medical information,
23 account numbers, or any sort of personal or business related information.

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1 Traveling sales representative, individuals on vacation, government employees,
2 and others however often have need of such information on short notice, such as in
3 response to a customer request, to close a business deal, or to provide health data in
4 response to a medical emergency.

5 Currently, individuals in need of such information must resort to: calling the home
6 office and requesting that a co-worker locate and retrieve the required information; asking
7 a friend or family member to "stop by the bank" and go through the individual's safe
8 deposit box in order to retrieve the necessary information such as a deed or a passport;
9 and/or scrambling to find a hotel with a data-port somewhere to which a bulky cable and
10 computer must be connected.

11 Such conventional methods of obtaining important information are very time
12 consuming and awkward. Even further, the accuracy of the information obtained by such
13 methods can be of questionable accuracy. For example, a person responding to a call for
14 information may photocopy and/or fax the information to the requestor; however, often
15 the simple process of photocopying and faxing blurs and renders illegible the important
16 information requested. Even a coworker may misread important data spoken over the
17 phone. Similar limitation are incurred when individuals attempt to record and/or store
18 important information for later use.

19 Current data storage and retrieval services, offered by various large organizations,
20 are often limited to the storage and display of only specific types of data, such as bank
21 statements, stock holdings, and advertisements, which vary in their level of trust and
22 reliability.

- 1 In response to the concerns discussed above, what is needed is a system and
- 2 method for providing convenient global access to and storage of personal and business
- 3 information that overcomes the problems of the prior art.
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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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2 Figure 1 is a dataflow diagram of a system for providing global access to and
3 storage of personal and business information; and
4 Figure 2 is a flowchart of a method for providing global access to and storage of
5 personal and business information.
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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 is a dataflow diagram of a system 100 for providing global access to personal and business information. The system 100 includes a data network interface 102, an identity authentication module 104, a transaction management module 106, and a data file repository 108. Figure 2 is a flowchart of a method 200 for providing global access to and storage of personal and business information. Figures 1 and 2 are now discussed together.

The method 200 begins in step 202 where the data network interface 102 receives a user access request 110. The data network interface 102 is preferably a device which is in pervasive use throughout a geographical area and/or most of the world. Such devices include Automated Teller Machines (ATMs), telephones, wireless devices, service station fueling pumps, and others. The fueling pumps may include, gas pumps, and electric outlets at public service stations. If the data network interface 102 takes the form of an ATM, the user access request 110 is generated in response to a user inserting an ATM card into the ATM machine. If, however, the data network interface 102 takes the form of a telephone, the user access request 110 is generated in response to a user dialing a telephone number. Thus the system and method of the present invention may be provided to users by any large institution providing a data network. Such institutions may include banks, brokerages, and telephone service providers.

In either case, next in step 204, the user access request is authenticated by the identity authentication module 104, which is coupled to the data network interface 100. Authentication typically may occur through use of a password, but other methods, such as biometric scanning, including voice authentication, may authenticate the user. In step 206, the transaction management module 106, which couples the data network interface

1 100 to the data file repository 108, provides secure access to the user's data file within the
2 data file repository 108. The user's data file contains a plurality of data items, such as
3 important documents, deeds, photos, drawing, important numbers, as well as others and
4 can be thought of as a digital analog of a bank safe deposit box.

5 In step 208, the transaction management module 106 selects a data item from
6 user's data file in response to a user command entered into the data network interface
7 102. In step 210, the data network interface 102 receives the selected data item from the
8 transaction management module 106 and outputs the selected data item to the user. Data
9 item output can be in the form of a displayed picture on an ATM, cell phone, and/or PDA
10 screen, or can be in the form of a synthetic voice generated by the data network interface
11 102. In step 212, if requested by the user, the transaction management module 106 can
12 authorize and command the data network interface 102 to generate a certificate of
13 authenticity for the user selected data item. Such a certificate would perhaps be in the
14 form of an electronic signature and/or electronic notarization which is acceptable to
15 whomever the data item is presented.

16 In step 214, the data network interface 102 inputs a new data item from the user.
17 Input may be in the form of keyed or scanned in data. In step 216, transaction
18 management module 106 receives the new data item from the data network interface 102
19 and stores the new data item in the user's data file within the data file repository 108.

20 In step 218, the transaction management module 106 generates an invoice
21 corresponding to a data transaction fee associated with the data transaction services thus
22 provided to the user. The data transaction fee may be automatically debited from the
23 user's bank or other account. After step 218, the method ends.

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- 1 While one or more embodiments of the present invention have been described,
2 those skilled in the art will recognize that various modifications may be made. Variations
3 upon and modifications to these embodiments are provided by the present invention,
4 which is limited only by the following claims.

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